RAINFOREST ACTION NETWORK

campaigns for the forests, their inhabitants and the natural systems that sustain life by transforming the global marketplace through education, grassroots organizing and non-violent direct action.

A Year for Transformative Change,
by Rebecca Tarbotton, Executive Director
Tropical Forest Program
Rainforest Agribusiness Campaign
Rainforest-Free Paper Campaign
Energy and Finance Program
Coal Finance Campaign
Freedom from Oil Campaign
Change Chevron Campaign
Protect-an-Acre Program
Supporters
RAN Staff and Board
Financial Statement

PHOTO: DAVID GILBERT
COVER PHOTO: ADRIANO GAMBARINI
This year has seen action from all sides—from the revolutions bursting from the streets in Egypt, the Middle East, Wisconsin and now Wall Street to the extreme weather events flooding and parching unseasonably and violently across the globe.

Here at RAN, we’ve been catalyzing action of our own—intentionally designed to make the most of the growing appetite for change around the world. We’ve driven the largest children’s book publisher in the world, Disney Publishing Worldwide, to the negotiating table to design a paper policy that will protect Indonesia’s threatened forests. We’ve worked alongside allies in Canada and the U.S. to put opposition to the tar sands on the map and to keep the Keystone XL pipeline off it forever. And we launched a new ‘Not One More Dollar for Coal’ campaign, putting Bank of America, the largest financier of coal, on notice that we will not accept one more dollar spent on coal and neither will its customers.

Currently, Rainforest Action Network is the only organization working at the intersection of forest protection, climate change and human rights by focusing on corporate accountability. We make change using a unique inside-outside approach to fearlessly confront and positively influence the most powerful corporations in the country—companies like Bank of America, Cargill and Disney—to introduce environmental and social ethics into their bottom lines.

In reflecting on our work over the last year, there is one thing I am very sure of. What makes RAN’s work not just effective but transformative is that it adds up to more than the sum of its parts. The great corporate campaigns we’ve come to associate with RAN are designed from the start to leverage each milestone into sector-wide changes that together work to re-embed our economic system within a healthy, thriving ecosystem.

But we want more. At RAN we are fighting for the big things. We are working for a world where corporate accountability is business-as-usual. Where our food system and our paper products are not derived from the destruction of rainforests and Indigenous communities. Where our financial system supports an economy that is just and does not bankroll industries, like coal, that are poisoning communities and our climate.

We couldn’t be doing this work at a more terrifying or more potent time. The ecological and the economic crises we face are becoming ever more extreme. Meanwhile large corporations, the main culprits of deforestation and climate change, are gaining ever more influence over the agencies and institutions set up to protect people and planet.

The call for a new way forward, however, has become a powerful outcry, and provides an amazing opportunity for our work to achieve more than ever before. We are in a moment where our vision for economic and environmental equity is more popular than we ever imagined. It is a moment to dream big and feel what is possible. It is a moment to realize that what we’ve come to see as radical is, in fact, reasonable and achievable.

As we head into 2012, RAN will continue our brand of fearless corporate campaigning for the forests, but we are also going to be focused on a long-range planning process—asking some big questions to ensure that we continue to secure big results. We are going to be paying special attention to the outcomes of our work, investigating how we innovate on our campaigning model and what it looks like to develop corporate campaigning 3.0. We will be considering how we expand our network to join with new allies as the country’s demographics and economic conditions change. And we will be developing some new ideas for our sector to ensure that we are driving longterm transformative or systemic change with the same success record, sharpness and focus that our winning corporate campaigns are known for.

A revolutionary moment can spark a fire, a movement if it is ready to ignite. In 2012, we hope you will join us in being part of that spark.

I’ve seen so much through my work at RAN that gives me hope. And the most inspiring thing is our network, which brings together all kinds—from Indigenous peoples and frontline communities, to students, business leaders, environmental activists and, of course, you. Thank you for being a part of the solution and proving every day that activism is a powerful tool in effecting real, meaningful change.

I can’t tell you how grateful I am for the ways each of you make up RAN—you are the network we so easily and regularly refer to every time we say RAINFOREST ACTION NETWORK!

For the future,

Rebecca Tarbotton
Executive Director
Rainforests are treasure troves of life, home to some of the most biologically and culturally diverse landscapes on earth. Since 1985, Rainforest Action Network has designed strategic campaigns utilizing bold tactics to defend the world’s most important and endangered forests.

Tragically, most of the world’s original forests have already been lost or degraded, and those that remain are falling fast. The scale and pace of deforestation in Indonesia alone is so extreme that it is having devastating consequences for species, communities and the climate. Indonesia has one of the highest deforestation rates in the world, with just under half of the country’s original forest cover remaining.

Indonesia’s rainforests are home to some of the highest levels of biological diversity in the world. With just 1 percent of the Earth’s land area, Indonesia’s rainforests contain 10 percent of the world’s known plant species, 12 percent of mammal species—including endangered orangutans and critically endangered Sumatran tigers and rhinos—and 17 percent of all known bird species.

RAN’s Tropical Forest Program is focused on confronting the two primary drivers of Indonesia’s rainforest destruction, the expansion of palm oil plantations and logging by the pulp and paper industry.

In order to stop rainforest deforestation and degradation and the oppression of forest peoples, we are striving to change the policies of U.S. agribusinesses and the global pulp and paper industry. If we are successful we will stop leading drivers of deforestation; protect millions of precious acres; keep global warming emissions out of the atmosphere; and set precedents for the future of the agribusiness and pulp and paper industries to respect forests and the people who depend on them.
Orangutans continue to suffer precipitous declines from deforestation. The UN calls the current status of the remaining orangutans “a conservation emergency.” Habitat destruction caused by the massive expansion of palm oil plantations is a primary reason orangutans are facing the threat of extinction.

PHOTO: ANUP SHAH / NPL / MINDEN PICTURES

The carbon emissions resulting from Indonesia’s rapid deforestation account for around five percent of all global emissions. That’s more than the emissions from all the cars, planes, buses and trains in the U.S. combined. This huge carbon footprint from forest destruction has made non-industrialized Indonesia the third-largest global greenhouse gas emitter, behind only China and the United States.

PHOTO: DAVID GILBERT
Building on the release of the robust palm oil policy RAN secured with General Mill’s in late 2010, RAN’s Agribusiness Campaign continued to ratchet up the pressure on Cargill, the largest importer of palm oil in the country. While the agribusiness giant has yet to take sufficient action to meet the growing demand for responsible palm oil, significant milestones have been achieved and public awareness about the problems with palm oil has grown sharply over the past year.

This year marked elevated attention and opposition to palm oil both in Southeast Asia where it is decimating rainforests and forest communities as well as in the U.S. where demand for the oil grows and where palm oil giant Cargill is based.

In Southeast Asia, ground zero for rainforest destruction due to palm oil, RAN launched a ‘rapid response’ approach to exposing problems in Cargill’s palm oil supply chain in partnership with frontline forest communities.

As an example: In March, after fighting for the return of their ancestral lands for more than a decade, the people of Long Teran Kanan in Malaysian Borneo reclaimed part of their homeland through a decisive act of collective resistance. Their territory had been taken from them and converted into oil palm plantations held by notorious global palm oil giant IOI, a key supplier to Cargill.
RAN helped to break the story of the Long Teran Kanan community to news outlets around the world and co-sponsored a formal grievance complaint to the Roundtable on Sustainable Palm Oil (RSPO), followed by an Open Letter from a coalition of environmental and human rights organizations urging the RSPO to act.

Back in the U.S., to elevate attention to the problem with palm oil among U.S. consumers, RAN teamed up with two very unlikely allies.

Girl Scouts Madison Vorva and Rhiannon Tomtishen began campaigning to remove palm oil from Girl Scout cookies four years ago when they learned that palm oil plantations are a leading cause of orangutan extinction. This year, they called on RAN to help amplify their message, and finally get the attention of Girl Scouts of the USA (GSUSA) executives.

After a major online education effort and grassroots campaign focused on fellow Girl Scouts and their parents, including a Change.org petition that generated 70,000 signatures, in May Madison and Rhiannon secured a meeting with GSUSA CEO Kathy Cloninger at the company’s New York headquarters.

During their trip to New York, RAN accompanied Madison and Rhiannon on a whirlwind media tour that brought the message about palm oil and rainforest conservation to literally millions of Americans with national TV appearances and newspaper interviews.

The elevated public concern over the impacts of palm oil reached Cargill. In July of this year, Cargill announced that palm oil products that it supplies to its customers in Europe, the U.S., Canada, Australia and New Zealand will be certified by the RSPO and/or originated from smallholder growers by 2015. The company has also said that it will extend its commitment to cover 100% of its palm oil products and all customers worldwide by 2020.

Cargill’s commitment is a necessary but not sufficient step in protecting Indonesia’s critical forests. However, it does show that a once intransigent global company, a company that touches one quarter of the world’s palm oil, is feeling the pressure. Our job in the coming year is to make sure Cargill, and its corporate customers, feel the heat even more.

According to *The New York Times*, about 350,000 hectares of land are cleared each year in Indonesia for palm oil production — an area five times the size of Singapore.
RAN put the United States publishing industry on notice in 2010 with the launch of a report containing DNA testing of paper fiber, which revealed that a large number of kids’ books sold in the U.S. were being printed in Asia using paper linked to Indonesian rainforest destruction.

At the end of last year, RAN then took the publishing campaign directly to customers when we released a consumer guide for the holiday season that linked publishers of popular kids’ books to deforestation and global warming. The guide, “Rainforest-Safe Kids’ Books: How Do Publishers Stack Up?” included a downloadable rainforest-safe children’s book list for shoppers that ranked 11 of the nation’s largest children’s book publishers based on their paper policies and purchasing practices.

stop using paper coming from the destruction of Indonesia’s rainforests. Seven of those publishers agreed to phase out controversial Indonesian paper fiber and paper suppliers, specifically the notorious logging giants Asia Pulp and Paper (APP) and APRIL and all of their affiliates.

While Disney Publishing Worldwide, the world’s largest publisher of children’s books, released a policy statement in March, it was insufficient to prevent controversial fiber and suppliers like APP and APRIL from entering Disney products. Despite negotiations, the company continued to drag its feet and by May had still refused to establish a policy that would ensure the protection of Indonesia’s rainforests.

On the morning of May 18, employees at The Walt Disney Company’s headquarters in Burbank, CA, awoke to quite a surprise: two RAN activists, costumed as Mickey and Minnie Mouse, were chained to the front gates of Disney Studios, effectively blocking the company’s main entrance while two others unfurled a 35-foot banner on the archway above reading, “Disney: Destroying Indonesia’s Rainforests.”

The four activists were arrested peacefully and the action received widespread media attention, generating public outrage at Disney’s connection to deforestation and species extinction. Disney executives flew to San Francisco the very next week to meet with RAN’s forest team, and we have been deep in negotiations with them ever since.

As this report heads to print, RAN is working with Disney on a comprehensive paper policy to ensure that the company’s worldwide operations stop sourcing paper from the world’s endangered forests and instead increase use of responsible alternatives like recycled paper. RAN is cautiously optimistic that Disney will soon announce a robust policy that cuts its ties to forest destroyers APP and APRIL while providing a positive model for other corporations to follow. This would be a major win for the world’s forests and forest communities. Stay tuned!
Over the last decade, RAN has discovered that one central thing keeps dirty energy companies in business, and that is big banks. In our view, banks hold a critical key in determining the direction of our economy and our future. The decisions made by banks like Citi, Bank of America and Wells Fargo can either keep us locked into a pattern of short-term financial gains and long-term losses for people and the planet, or those banks can steer us into an economy that balances profits with social and environmental principles.

In recent years, with the help of RAN activists and supporters, we’ve seen big banks make strides in protecting our environment. From the Royal Bank of Canada’s move last November to curb financing for companies operating in the Alberta tar sands to the eight banks that last year passed policies on mountaintop removal (MTR) coal mining, we know that banks are susceptible to public pressure and RAN’s unique style of campaigning. However, while these milestones are critical steps forward in protecting our climate and public health, they come at a time when we need leaps to stem the climate crisis and transition into a clean energy economy.

Within the next decade, the current plans for new coal-fired power plants, oil refineries and pipelines are projected to cost more than $200 billion. Right now, banks like Bank of America are lining up to continue funding extreme energy projects—using the same focus on short-term profits that fueled the financial crisis to fuel the climate crisis.

It's critical to remember, however, that we have with us the technologies today to begin our transition to a clean energy system. The transition to renewable energy, coupled with improved energy efficiency, will create new jobs, decrease our exposure to toxic pollutants like mercury, and help to solve the climate crisis. RAN’s Energy and Finance Program is working to ensure that our country is on the right side of this historical moment.
Burning coal to produce electricity results in 20% of man-made greenhouse gas emissions.

Simply put, to solve the climate crisis we must stop burning coal.

Tar sands oil is the worst type of oil for the climate, producing three times the greenhouse gas emissions of conventionally produced oil because of the energy required to extract and process it.
Our country’s continued investment in expanding fossil fuel infrastructure is jeopardizing the health of our communities, the future of our economy and the stability of our climate. RAN’s Energy and Finance Program is tackling the United State’s most dangerous fossil fuel, coal, and the leading financiers that make its expansion possible.

If we are to build a clean energy future, we must move rapidly off of fossil fuels and insist that the world’s leading financial institutions stop funding high carbon projects and start prioritizing energy efficiency and renewable energy investments.

That’s why this spring, RAN launched our most ambitious bank campaign calling on top financiers to quit coal completely and redirect funding into renewable energy projects. To be clear, we’re not just asking banks to stop funding extreme energy projects or extremely bad energy companies, but to remove financing from the entire coal industry.
From the oldest, most toxic coal-fired power plants in the country to the new push for coal export terminals along the pristine Pacific Northwest coastline, coal is bad for business and bad for people. Coal is a leading contributor to climate change and it damages cardiovascular and respiratory health that threatens child development in communities across the country.

It’s time the country’s largest financiers address the country’s largest contributor to the climate crisis.

Last March, RAN put the six largest U.S. banks ‘on notice’ demanding a transition in energy financing away from dirty coal and toward clean energy solutions. In June, our campaign began focusing on Bank of America, which Bloomberg data showed is the largest financier of coal in the country. In the past two years alone BoA has pumped $4.3 billion into the U.S. coal industry, which includes financing for ten of the largest utilities operating coal-fired power plants, and is $1.3 billion more than other top banks.

Since June, RAN has called on supporters, allies and institutions to cut their ties with BoA by closing their accounts and/or boycotting BoA ATMs. Thousands of RAN supporters and environmentalists have joined the mounting outrage against Bank of America’s reckless financing practices, a critique which has been on display with the Occupy Movement, and has resulted in record transfer of customer accounts to credit unions. According to the Credit Union National Association, 700,000 consumers across the nation have joined credit unions since September 29 and credit unions have added $4.5 billion in new savings accounts.

Currently, opposition to the practices of the country’s largest banks is at an all time high. There couldn’t be a better time to start demanding big things from Bank of America, and seeing those demands reap dividends for our environment, our health and our climate.

RAN is demanding that Bank of America spend not one more dollar on coal, and to lead the banking industry by developing a comprehensive coal policy that commits the company to shifting its financing away from coal and toward investments in renewable energy.

If Bank of America would like to regain the trust of the 99 percent; it must adopt sound economic and environmental policies that reflect the values of its customers. Now is the time.

“Coal is the single greatest threat to civilization and all life on our planet.”
- James Hansen, NASA climate expert

RAN joined activists with the Little Village Environmental Justice Organization (LVEJO), Rising Tide North America and the Backbone Campaign to unfurl a banner inside Midwest Generation’s controversial Crawford coal plant in Little Village, Chicago.
Last fall, RAN’s Rebecca Tarbotton, Bill McKibben of 350.org and Phil Radford of Greenpeace issued a letter calling on people of conscience to take direct action to amplify the power of the climate movement. This year’s groundswell of opposition to the Keystone XL tar sands pipeline was exactly what they were calling for. The outcry for a transition away from fossil fuel expansion and toward a clean energy future has become an uproar.

As this report heads to print, the news is breaking that the Obama Administration has delayed the controversial Keystone XL tar sands pipeline, the 1700-mile oil pipeline that would have run from the Alberta tar sands through America’s heartland to the Gulf of Mexico.

Officially, the U.S. State Department has ordered another environmental assessment for the TransCanada Keystone XL pipeline route, which means that it is possible that as soon as 2013 we could face another pipeline battle. However, many analysts and even the developer of the pipeline have already stated that a change in the route would likely kill the project.

Last year, the pipeline project was considered a foregone conclusion. In fact, Transcanada, the company behind the project, was moving huge quantities of pipe across the border and seizing...
land by eminent domain, certain that its permit would be granted. Today, against all odds, we are looking at the project’s potential death. This is a heroic political shift, which is the result of a massive grassroots organizing push that spanned from First Nations in Alberta to farmers in Nebraska.

Starting in September, RAN, as a member of the Tar Sands Action group, helped to escalate massive opposition to the Keystone pipeline when 1,253 people were arrested at the White House during one of the largest acts of civil disobedience the environmental movement has ever seen. In particular, RAN helped ensure that landowners from Nebraska and Texas, whose homes the pipeline threatened, were able to participate in the protest and speak out against the pipeline across their states.

By November, opposition to the pipeline had grown by an order of magnitude. On November 7, more than 12,000 people joined in peaceful protest back in Washington, DC, linking hands in several concentric circles around the White House. It was just days after that spectacular show of strength that the administration made its announcement to delay the pipeline.

When organizing started against the Keystone XL there were two main goals: stop the pipeline, and reignite the climate movement, which had been deflated by disappointment from Copenhagen and Congress. At RAN, it feels very clear that in just a few short months we are well on our way to achieving both goals.

As Bill McKibben, one of the lead visionaries behind the tar sands protests at the White House, explained: “It’s important to understand how unlikely this victory is...A done deal has come spectacularly undone...The American people spoke loudly about climate change and the president responded. There have been few even partial victories about global warming in recent years so that makes this an important day.”

RAN is very proud to have played a role in the tar sands movement on both sides of the U.S.-Canada border for the past three years. But it’s not over yet. If we want a clean energy future, which keeps extreme energy projects like the Keystone XL pipeline off the map forever, we have to take the momentum from this amazing moment and inject it back into our organizing to ensure that the coming year sees an even larger climate movement than ever before.

“In March and April, RAN’s work to address shareholders with First Nations leaders at top Canadian banks’ Annual General Meetings earned national coverage by both the Globe and Mail and the Wall Street Journal. We also won commitments to visit First Nations territories threatened by the pipeline from CEO’s at TD and BMO and from senior executives at RBC and Scotiabank. TD and RBC are also now sponsoring independent research on applying the UN standard of Free Prior Informed Consent (FPIC) in Canada’s finance and oil and gas sectors. This is tangible progress toward our goal of establishing FPIC as a new best-practice in Canada’s tar sands. PHOTO: ANDREA MACDONALD

“Phase out of emissions from coal is itself an enormous challenge. However, if the tar sands are thrown into the mix it is essentially game over.”
- James Hansen, NASA climate expert

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RAN founder and Board member Randy Hayes was arrested along with actress Darryl Hannah and more than 1,252 concerned citizens protesting the expansion of the Keystone XL tar sands pipeline outside the White House. PHOTO: JOSH LOPEZ

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The past year has seen opposition to Chevron’s abuse of human rights and the environment in the Ecuadorean Amazon reach from the streets all the way to the company’s own shareholder meeting.

When Chevron launched its new “We Agree” ad campaign in late 2010, RAN teamed up with Amazon Watch and national pranksters the Yes Men to launch a spoof campaign that looked just like Chevron’s real $100-million ad launch—except we injected a whole lot more truth than Chevron had planned to include. We based the look and feel of our spoof ads on materials leaked to us by green bloggers and street artists that Chevron’s ad agency had attempted to hire. The story was seized upon by media, and we managed to re-frame the company’s multi-million dollar ad launch around the oil giant’s tremendous greenwash. Advertising Age magazine described it as “one of the Top 10 marketing Fiascoes of the Year.”

Just a couple months later, in February 2011, an Ecuadorean court announced that it had found Chevron guilty of deliberately dumping more than 18 billion gallons of toxic oil waste into the Amazon. Chevron was ordered to pay $18 billion to clean up its mess. This was a significant milestone in the nearly two-decade-long battle to bring Chevron to justice in Ecuador. The historic judgment, comparable in size only to BP’s promised $20 billion fund to compensate victims of the 2010
Gulf of Mexico oil spill, is the first time Indigenous people have sued a multinational corporation in the country where the crime was committed and won.

Despite Chevron’s claims to the contrary, the $18 billion court judgment poses serious financial and operational risks to the oil giant. On May 11, RAN and Amazon Watch released a new investor report, “An Analysis of the Financial and Operational Risks to Chevron Corporation from Aguinda v. ChevronTexaco,” examining the impact of the case on Chevron shareholders. After the report release, Boston based Trillium Asset Management and the New York State Common Retirement Fund began circulating an investor sign-on statement. It read, in part: “In failing to negotiate a reasonable settlement prior to the Ecuadorean court’s ruling against the company, Chevron displayed poor judgment that has led investors to question whether our company’s leadership can properly manage the array of environmental and human rights challenges and risks that it faces.”

Aiming to ensure that Chevron’s guilt was amplified in U.S. news and during the company’s shareholder meeting, on May 23rd RAN activists unfurled a banner reading “Chevron Guilty, Clean Up Ecuador” from the Richmond-San Rafael Bridge in the shadow of Chevron’s Richmond refinery.

Two days later, a delegation of Ecuadoreans traveled up to San Ramon, CA to confront Chevron management and board members inside the company’s shareholder meeting. Between the Ecuadoreans, RAN activists and concerned shareholders, Chevron found itself “under siege” inside the meeting, as reported by the San Jose Mercury News. In fact, Chevron faced something of a shareholder revolt, as major investors (who collectively manage over $160 billion in assets) accused Chevron management of exercising “poor judgment” and called on the company to rethink its endless litigation strategy in Ecuador.

Chevron’s legal and public relations tactics deter neither the Ecuadorean plaintiffs nor their allies in the United States. The plaintiffs’ next step is to go after Chevron’s assets around the world to collect their compensation. RAN and an international coalition of allies have vowed to continue the campaign against Chevron in order to bring justice to the people of the Ecuadorean Amazon who have been suffering from Chevron’s toxic legacy for far too long.

Cofán Indigenous leader Emergildo Criollo smells the petroleum-contaminated river near his home in the Amazon rainforest. PHOTO: CAROLINE BENNETT
Rainforest Action Network believes that Indigenous peoples are the best stewards of the world’s rainforests and that frontline communities organizing against the extraction and burning of dirty fossil fuels deserve the strongest support we can offer. RAN established the Protect-an-Acre (PAA) program to protect the world’s forests and the rights of their inhabitants by providing financial aid to traditionally under-funded organizations and communities in forest regions.

Indigenous and frontline communities suffer disproportionate impacts to their health, livelihood and culture from extractive industry mega-projects and the effects of global climate change. That’s why Protect-an-Acre provides small grants to community-based organizations, Indigenous federations and small NGOs that are fighting to protect millions of acres of forest and keep millions of tons of CO2 in the ground.

Our grants support organizations and communities that are working to regain control of and sustainably manage their traditional territories through land title initiatives, community education, development of sustainable economic alternatives, and grassroots resistance to destructive industrial activities.
PAA is an alternative to “buy-an-acre” programs that seek to provide rainforest protection by buying tracts of land, but which often fail to address the needs or rights of local Indigenous peoples. Uninhabited forest areas often go unprotected, even if purchased through a buy-an-acre program. It is not uncommon for loggers, oil and gas companies, cattle ranchers, and miners to illegally extract resources from so-called “protected” areas.

Traditional forest communities are often the best stewards of the land because their way of life depends upon the health of their environment. A number of recent studies add to the growing body of evidence that Indigenous peoples are better protectors of their forests than governments or industry.

Based on the success of Protect-an-Acre, RAN launched The Climate Action Fund (CAF) in 2009 as a way to direct further resources and support to frontline communities and Indigenous peoples challenging the fossil fuel industry.

Through these two programs each year we support grassroots projects that result in at least:

» 10,000 acres of forest, held in customary ownership by Indigenous groups, entered into the process of securing official land title recognition, providing communities with legal grounds to protect their traditional territories.

» 10,000 trees planted, often as buffer zones around protected areas and/or as part of income and resource-generating permaculture projects that help stop land degradation.

2010-11 highlights include:

**Movimento Xingu Vivo para Sempre (MXVPS)**
(South America)
$5,000 to provide emergency funding to support a unified grassroots response to the Brazilian government’s plans to move forward with construction of the Belo Monte dam complex, which would devastate more than 1,500 square kilometers in the Amazon and result in the forced displacement of 20,000 people.

**Keepers of the Athabasca**
(North America)
$4,000 to support the 2011 Tar Sands Healing Walk, attended by several hundred people from tar sands impacted communities, hosted in Fort McMurray where major tar sands expansion is causing irreversible damage to both the environment and human health.

**Instituto Permacultura Mozambique (IPERMO)**
(Africa)
$5,000 to establish a plant nursery capable of producing 10,000 native trees annually to be planted as a green buffer around three clustered communities in southern Mozambique whose natural resources are being threatened by urban expansion and other encroachments. A 22,000 liter water tank will also be built to capture harvested rainwater from community buildings to provide water during dry season.

For a full listing of 2010-11 PAA grant recipients, please visit: [RAN.org/PAA](http://RAN.org/PAA). You can learn more about the Climate Action Fund at [RAN.org/CAF](http://RAN.org/CAF).

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LEFT: Representatives and community leaders from the Xingu River basin gather outside the Brazilian Congress and Presidential Palace, calling on President Dilma to halt plans to construct the Belo Monte Dam. PHOTO: ANTONIO BONSOITE/AMAZON WATCH.

RIGHT: Participants take part in the 13 km Healing Walk past Syncrude and the tailings ponds north of Fort McMurray, Alberta. PHOTO: KEEPERs OF THE ATHABASCA.
SUPPORTERS

Panthers
($100,000 and up)
ClimateWorks Foundation
David & Lucile Packard Foundation
The Grantham Foundation
for the Protection of the Environment
Groupon
JMG Foundation
The John Sparks Foundation
Richard and Rhoda Goldman Fund
The Tila Fund
Trudie Styler
Zac Goldsmith

Spirit Bears
($30,000 - $99,999)
Andre Carothers
Mary E. Weinmann Charitable Lead Unitrust
Anonymous (2)
Arkay Foundation
The Christensen Fund
Corporate Ethics International
Earth Day Network
Flora Family Foundation
Fred and Alice Stanback Foundation For The Carolinas
Hilary Jones
LUSH Cosmetics
Overbrook Foundation
Rainforest Foundation
Robert Friede
Rockefeller Brothers Fund
Scherman Foundation
Irving S. Berr Group
Tides Foundation
Wallace Global Fund
Winslow Foundation
Working Assets

Sumatran Tigers
($10,000 - $29,999)
Alex Bomstein
Anna and Rob McKay
McKay Foundation
Anonymous (1)
Anzt Family Foundation
Ashawa Hailey
Bellweather Foundation
Bokara Legendre
Capital Group Companies
Cindy L. Batten
Cornell Douglas Foundation
Dasa and Bruce Katz
Katz Family Foundation
David and Chet Barclay
Dorothy Lydon
Gale Saltzman
Firebird Foundation
Gladys Cofrin
Hidden Leaf Foundation
Jane Smith Turner Foundation
John Lydon
John Steiner and Margo King
Steiner King Foundation
Kimo Campbell
Marcela Castillo and Seabrook Leaf
Mark T. Logan
Mental Insight Foundation
Meyer and Esther D. Mazor Foundation
Peter and Mimi Buckley
Philippa Strahn
Polly and Randy Chernin
Richard and Nancy Robbins
Robert Mancin
Roy A. Hunt Foundation
The Schaeffler Family Foundation
Steve Silberstein
Suzanne and Jim Gollin
Angelica Foundation
Urs Hodelis
Wilbur and Gail Russ
William C. Bannerman Foundation
The William Kistler Charitable Fund

Okapis
($5,000 - $9,999)
Adelaide Gomer
Andrew Ungerleider and Gay Dillingham
Livingly Fund
Anna Lappe
Small Planet Fund of RSF
Anonymous (4)
As You Sow Foundation
Bina and Brian Garfield
Garfield Foundation
Bonsai Design, Inc.
Brian Ratner
Cannon Family Foundation
Chris Nash
David Rosenstein
Donna Deitch
Banky-LaRocque Foundation
The Houser Foundation Inc
Jeffrey Clements and Nancy Hesselton
The Clements Foundation, Inc
Jodie Evans
Jon Spar and Karen Kulikowski
Jonathan Altman and Colleen Kelly
Jonathan & Kathleen Altman Foundation
Joseph Bick and Donna Uto
Justin Ferrari and Maggie Hooks
Kawika Campbell
Lauren and Bill Benenson
The Frances & Benjamin Benenson Foundation
Lawrence Foundation
Michael Ubell and Paula Hawthorn
Michele A. Greenon
One Foundation
Ramala and Don Lighty
Roy Young and Rosa Venezia
Nature’s Own
Sallie Smith and Jim Butterworth
Scott B. Price
Sue Thompson
Sustainable Solutions Foundation
Wayne Martinson and Deb Sawyer

River Dolphins
($2,500 - $4,999)
A Better World Fund
Aaron Suckewitz and Anna DiRienzo
Andrew Powers
Anne Rosenbaum-Irwin
Anonymous (2)
Barbara Bosson
California Community Foundation
Barbara Meislin
The Purple Lady Fund of Jewish Community Endowment Fund
Barbara Meyer
Ben Cohen
Ben & Jerry's Foundation
Benjamin Goldsmith and Kate Rothschild
Bradley Carlson
Brian Kirkbride and Jennifer Kendler
Other People'sPixels Fund of Environmental Defense Fund
Common Future Fund of RSF
David and Mary Harbeiner
Dean Alper and Tracy McCulloch
Alper Family Foundation
Dennis and Pam Kolisie Pacco
Diego Sanchez-Ellia
Eonocious
eQuiter.com
Fred Gellert Foundation
Global Greengrants Fund
Goldman Environmental Foundation
Griswold Draz
Helen and Joseph Boussac
Heyward Robinson and Joanna Mountain
Highfield Foundation
Jeanie and Murray Kilgour
John and Sandra McGonigle
Joseph Mellicker and Judith Scheuer
December Second Fund
The Fiduciary Charitable Investments
Judith Buchner
The Key Foundation
Kristin Hull
Linda Nicholes and Howard Stein
Mary Rowen
Michael Honick
Arimathea Fund of Tides Foundation
New Resource Bank
Oliver Szuor
Phillip and Renata McElroy-Perelman
Scott Fitroma
Sharri and David Altshuler
Sky J. Brooks
Greystone Foundation
Sungevity
Thomas Fund of Princeton Area Community Foundation
Thomas J. Nerger
Timon and Loni Malloy
Sun Hill Foundation

Macaws
($1,000 - $2,499)
Albert and Pamela Bendich
Allan Badding
Amanda and Jon Starbuck
Amrita Burdick
Amy Goldman
Anonymous (1)
Barking DogImports
Bob Chartoff and Jenny Weyman-Chartoff
Bob Epstein and Amy Roth
Brian Kistler
Burt Harris and Francine Fanali Harris
Carol and Ken Slabell
Catherine Caufield
Caulkins Family Foundation
Charles Farrell
Chelsea Madison
Chris Rice
Christina L. Deser and Kirk Mackwold
Chuck Blitz and Allison Allan
Critical Beats
D. L. Chris Diehl
Dan Abrams
David and Tizah Friedman
Deborah Moore and Adam Dawson
Diana Sanson
Earl Killian
Edward Eiken
Eileen and Owen Mathieu
Erik Wohlgemuth
Eugene Luschei
Evan Fales
Herbert and Edythe Kurz
Herman and Kathy Dobbs
Ian and Kris Reed
Harold W. Sweat Foundation
Isabel Ludcke
J. Holley Taylor
Jackie Northway-Wallace
James K. Cumings
James Stent
Jody Zaitlin
John and Sandra Mitchell
John Rodgers
Jon D. Unger
Kate Dahmen
Katharine L. King
Liberty Hill Foundation
Kathleen Crowe
Kimberly Hughes
Kristie M. Smith
Larry Lewis
Linda G. Gochfeld
Liza and Drummond Pike

Lions and Jill Trodeman
Margaret Bullitt-Jonas and Robert A. Jonas
Living Springs Foundation
Marquita West
Mark Hengstler
Marta Jo Lawrence
Mary and Michael Brune
Mary Wahl
Mazal Foundation
Michael and Amy Tiemann
Michael and Frances Kieschnick
Nadine Weiss
Nancy G. Schaub
Nancy Ward
Nelson H. Rose
Nicholas Beverley
Norman Oliver
Nuri B. Pierce
P.S. 321
Pachamama Alliance
Pamela Lippe
Patsy Graham
Pelosky Family, FJC
Racoin Foundation
Resource Renewal Institute
Richard Allen Schneider
Richard and Ingrid DeBroux
Richard Obler and Sharon Hunt
Robert Negri
Ron and Tova Claman
Rosandl Suysses
The Rose Group, Inc
Russell Long
Samantha & Nick Morgan
Stephen Stevick
Stoller Family
Charitable Lead Annuity Trust
Summer Rayne Oakes
Superior Nut Company, Inc
Susan Clark and Alex Karras
Susan Labandibar
Susan Morse
Suzanne LaPretia
Tamin Taylor
Thomas Brown
Thomas Fund of Princeton Area Community Foundation
Timothy Schaffner
Todd Koons and Rebecca Bruce
Virginia P. Sporer
Wanda and Phillip John
White Cedar Fund of Tides Foundation
William Cowart
William H. McBreath Fund
Winky Foundation
Ziff Brothers Investments

JULY 1, 2010 - JUNE 30, 2011
STAFF
Amanda Starbuck
Annie Sartor
Arielle Gingold
Ashley Schaeffer
Bill Barclay
Chelsea Matthews
David Taylor
Eos de Feminis
Ginger Cassady
Hannah Roeyer
Hillary Lehr
Irina Pekareva
Jenn Breckenridge
Jeri Howland
Lafcadio Cortesi
Laurel Sutherlin
Lauren Bourke
Lindsey Allen
Martha Pettit
Meghan Weimer
Mike Gaworecki
Nancy Johnson
Nell Greenberg
Rebecca Tarbotton
Robin Averbeck
Scott Kocino
Scott Parkin
Toben Dilworth
Toyoyuki Kawakami
Tracy Solum
Energy and Finance Program Director
Energy and Finance Senior Campaigner
Rainforest Agribusiness Campaigner
Policy and Research Director, Forests
Forest Program Assistant
Online Director
Chief Finance and Administrative Officer
Change Chevron Senior Campaigner
Executive Assistant
Grassroots Organizer, Forests
Staff Accountant
Online Community Organizer
Development Director
Asia Director, Forests
Forest Program Communications Manager
Foundations Manager
Forest Program Director
Online Design and Production Coordinator
Development Coordinator
Online Campaigner
Office Manager
Communications Director
Executive Director
Rainforest-free Paper Campaigner
Membership Manager
Energy and Finance Senior Organizer
Art Director
RAN Japan Representative
Protect-an-Acre Program Manager

BOARD OF DIRECTORS
Allan Badiner
Andre’ Carothers, Board Chair
Anna Hawken McKay, Development Co-Chair
Anna Lappe’
Catherine Caufield
James Golli, Board President
Jodie Evans, Development Co-Chair
Martha DiSario
Michael Klein, Secretary / Program Chair
Pamela Lippe
Randall Hayes, Founder
Scott B. Price, Treasurer / Finance Chair
Stephen Stevick, Governance Chair

HONORARY BOARD
Ali MacGraw
Bob Weir
Bonnie Raitt
Chris Noth
John Densmore
Woody Harrelson
Daryl Hannah

2010-2011 PAST STAFF MEMBERS
Brant Olson, Daniel Kessler, Eriel Tchekwue Deranger, Jonathan McIntosh, Linda Capato,
Maria Lya Ramos, Mark Hengstler, Nick Magel, Somer Huntley

2010-2011 PAST BOARD MEMBERS
Janet MacGillivray Wallace

PHOTO: RHEETT BUTLER / MONGABAY
## Statement of Activities

### Year Ending June 30, 2011

### Support and Revenue

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Source</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Public Support and Membership</td>
<td>$771,376</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Major Gifts / Family Foundations</td>
<td>$1,209,108</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fundraising Events</td>
<td>$321,973</td>
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<tr>
<td>Grants</td>
<td>$1,681,170</td>
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<tr>
<td>Interest</td>
<td>$1,014</td>
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<tr>
<td>Other Income</td>
<td>$79,930</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Total Support and Revenue</strong></td>
<td><strong>$4,064,571</strong></td>
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</table>

### Expenses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Program Services</td>
<td>$2,058,091</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public Education</td>
<td>$113,791</td>
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<tr>
<td>Supporting Services</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Management and General</td>
<td>$252,777</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fundraising</td>
<td>$630,091</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Total Expenses</strong></td>
<td><strong>$3,954,750</strong></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

### Change in Net Assets

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Net Assets at Beginning of Year</td>
<td>$109,821</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net Assets at End of Year</td>
<td>$1,407,280</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Increase</strong></td>
<td>$1,517,101</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For a complete financial report by Regalia & Associates, contact RAN's Development Office.

[Photo: Gerry Ellis / Minden Pictures]